ABSTRACT

A method for use in a distributed system that includes a server managing a master volume of data including a plurality of static attributes and at least one dynamic attribute whose prevailing values in the master volume of data are respectively updated and not updated as a consequence of a command from a client, and at least two clients each managing a volume of data intended to mirror the master volume of data. The method provided, enables data mirroring restoration at a client freshly reconnected to the server after a communication downtime period.